

Comment on charm cross sections - I

Attempt to reconcile charm cross sections with the data.

Work back from ν interactions to get the flux required to make these interactions.

Use this derived ν flux to estimate the total charm cross section in the dump.

Eventually, we will evaluate the data more thoroughly so that our estimates are internally consistent, limited mostly by Monte Carlo systematics

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Formulae:

$$N_{int} = \phi \cdot \sigma(vN) \cdot N_0 \cdot \rho \cdot L \cdot \epsilon_{tgt} \cdot \epsilon_{exp}$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = \frac{N_{int}}{\left(\frac{\sigma}{E_v}\right) \cdot \langle E_v \rangle \cdot N_0 \cdot \left(\frac{M_{tgt}}{area}\right) \cdot \epsilon_{tgt} \cdot \epsilon_{exp}} \quad (1)$$

Where :

ϕ neutrino flux

M_{tgt} emulsion mass

ϵ_{tgt} flux in target

ϵ_{exp} efficiency for extracting N_{int}

N_{int} number of observed v int.

$area$ area of emulsion

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Formulae (cont'd)

$$\phi = \frac{\sigma_{c\bar{c}}}{\sigma_{pp}^{inel}} \cdot n_{pot} \cdot A^{0.3} \cdot B \cdot n_v$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{c\bar{c}} = \frac{\phi \cdot \sigma_{pp}^{inel}}{n_{pot} \cdot A^{0.3} \cdot B \cdot n_v} \quad (2)$$

where $B = f(0.07) + (1 - f)(0.17)$

and f is the fraction of D^0 mesons

$$n_v = (\text{no. } D \text{ per int.}) \times (v_e \text{ or } v_\mu) = 4$$

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Assumptions

- ϕ varies only a little over *area*
- σ_{cc} is only from D^0 and D^+
- N_{int} are all ν interactions
- $d\sigma/dx_F \sim (1-x_F)^{7.7}$
- $\sigma_{cc} \sim A^1$

Numbers

$$(\sigma/E) = 5.1 \times 10^{-39} \text{ cm}^2 \text{GeV}^{-1}$$

$$\langle E \rangle = 80 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\epsilon_{tgt} = 0.071$$

$$N_0 = 6.02 \times 10^{23}$$

$$M_{tgt} = 2.6 \times 10^5$$

$$area = 2.5 \times 10^3$$

$$\sigma_{inel} = 35 \times 10^{-27}$$

$$N_{pot} = 3.6 \times 10^{17}$$

$$A = 184$$

$$\epsilon_{trig} = \epsilon_{strip} = \epsilon_{scan} = \epsilon_{pot} = 0.95$$

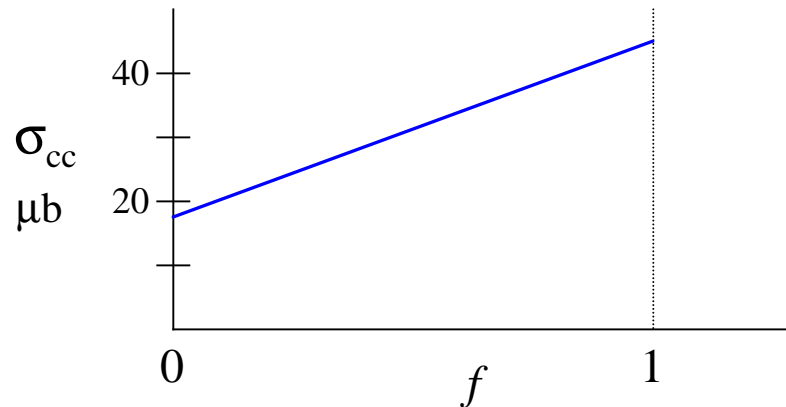
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Results

$$\phi = 3 \times 10^{14} \text{ v s passing through the target area}$$

Then, substituting ϕ into (2):

$$\sigma_{c\bar{c}} = \frac{3 \times 10^{-30} \text{ cm}^2}{B} = \frac{3 \mu\text{b}}{B}$$



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Summary

This crude prediction gives a large cross section by itself.

- including other charm states tends to *increase*
- decreasing n from 8 to 5 *decreases* result by 30%
- Our actual N_{int} may be a lot *less*
- The E789 datum is relatively important:

$$\sigma_{D^0}(800 \text{ GeV } pp) = 18 \mu b \pm 1(stat) \pm 3(sys)$$

Scaling from $n = 8$ to 5 *increases* value to

$$\sigma_{D^0}(scaled) \cong \frac{9}{6} \cdot 18 = 27 \mu b$$